

Testing the Waters: An Interdisciplinary Assessment of Current and Historical Shark Nursery Habitat in Hilo Bay, Hawai'i

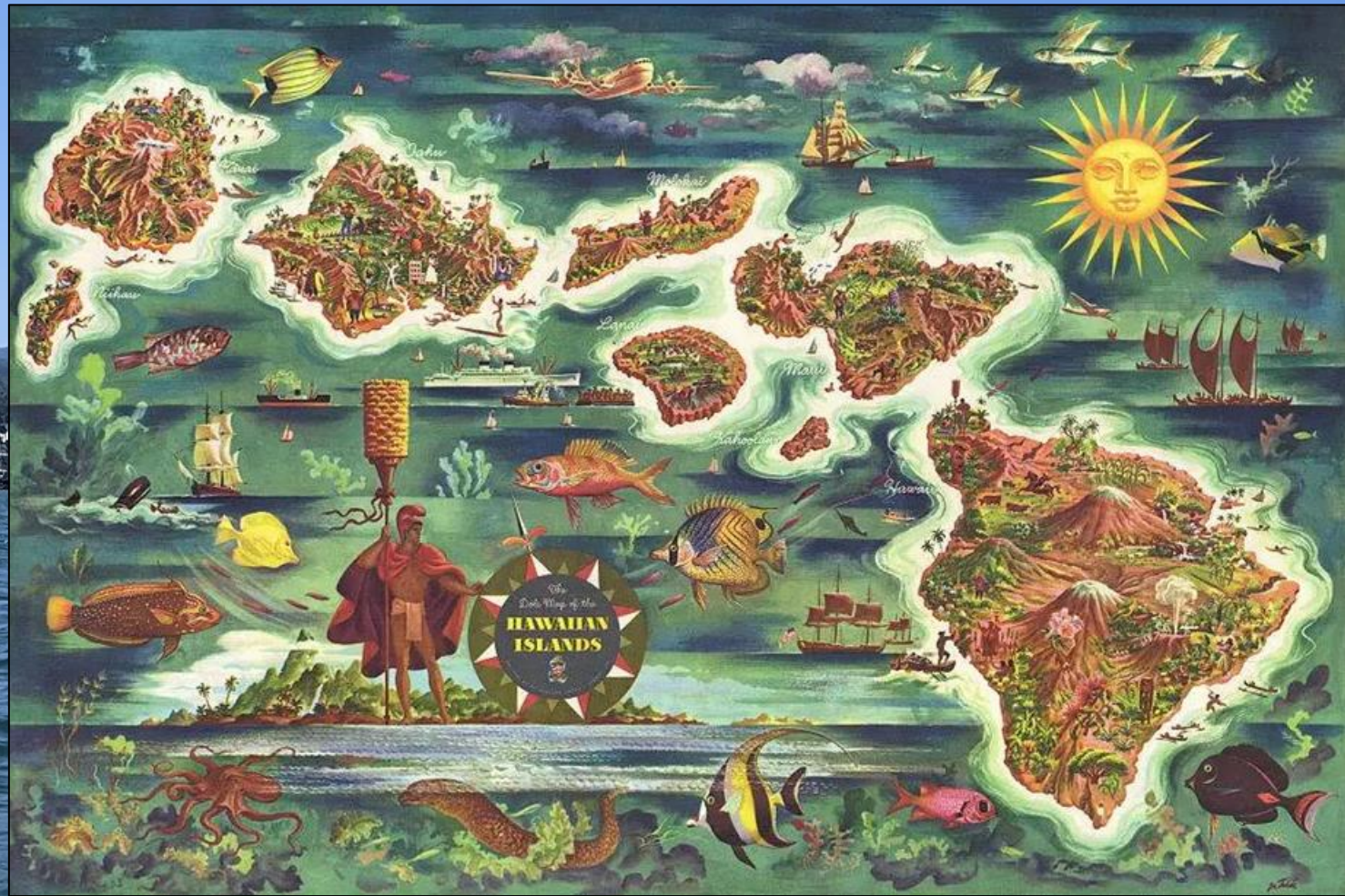
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hilo

1. *nvt.*, To [twist](#), [braid](#), [spin](#);

hilo

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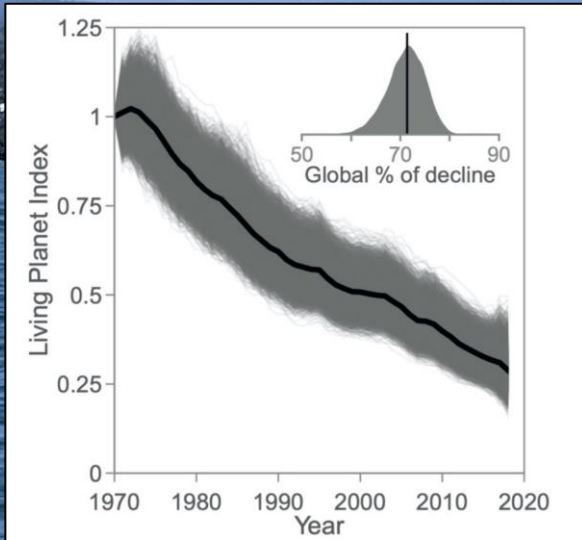
Fishing
Data

eDNA

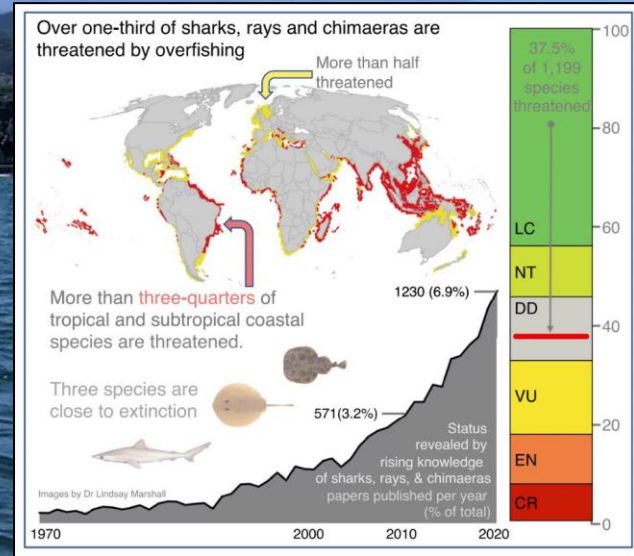
Sharks revered as 'aumakua in Hawaiian culture,
Manō kupua, & hunted for sport or ancient food sources
(Beckwith, 1917; Puniwai, 2020)



Global elasmobranch abundance has declined ~71% in the last 50 years (Pacoureau et al., 2021)



Over 1/3 of species driven to extinction due to overexploitation (Dulvy et al., 2021)



We know that the overfishing of adults causes
population declines...

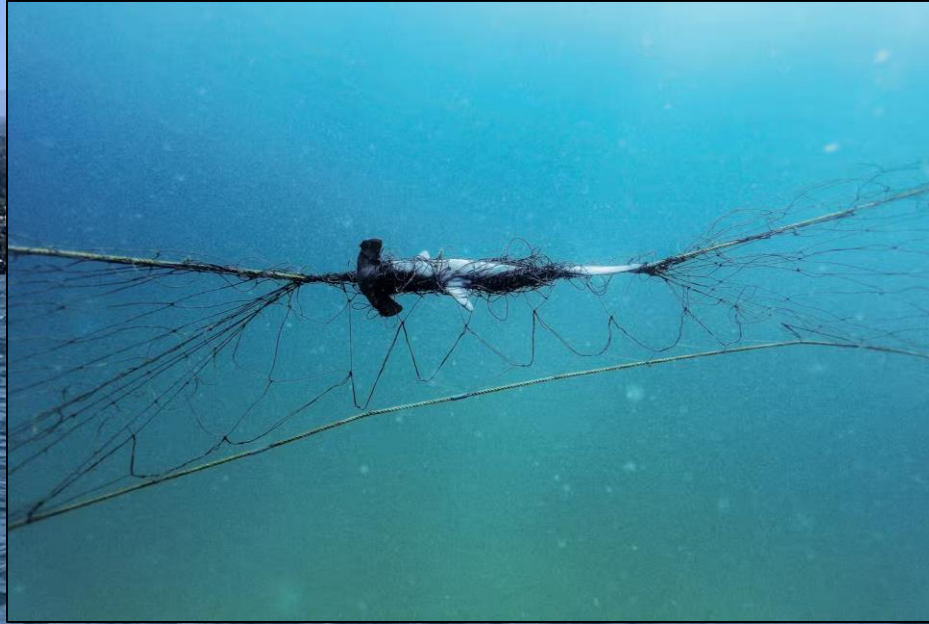


npr.org



cnn.com

...but we don't know much about how exploitation during early life history affects populations



Many sharks use coastal habitats as nurseries...



cbsnews.com



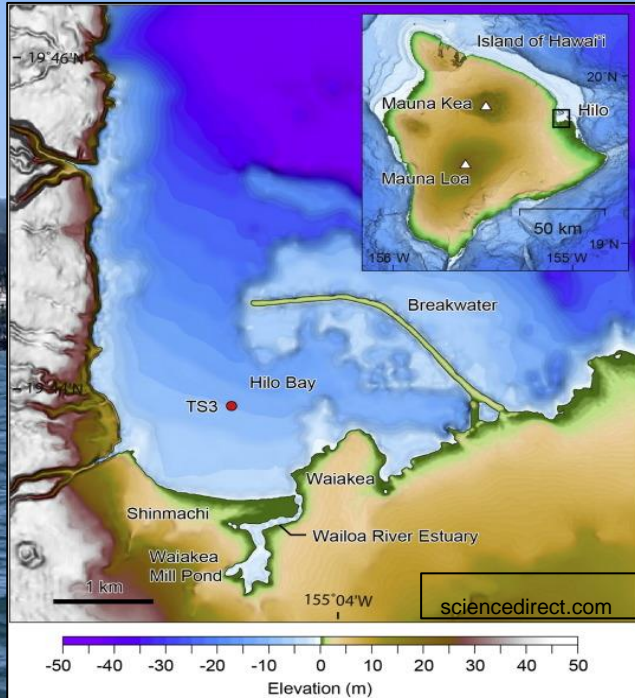
coastalanglermag.com

...putting them in close proximity to increased human impacts

Research Objectives

- Assess the current relative abundance of two natal shark populations in Hilo Bay
 - Local Ecological Knowledge (LEK)
 - Fishing Data (i.e. catch per unit effort)
 - Environmental DNA (eDNA)
- Establish historical/ecological baseline for Hilo Bay
 - Document and analyze LEK data to elucidate changes in relative fish and shark presence in the last ~75 years

Study Area



Species of Interest

- Scalloped Hammerhead shark (*Sphyrna lewini*)
- Blacktip shark (*Carcharhinus limbatus*)



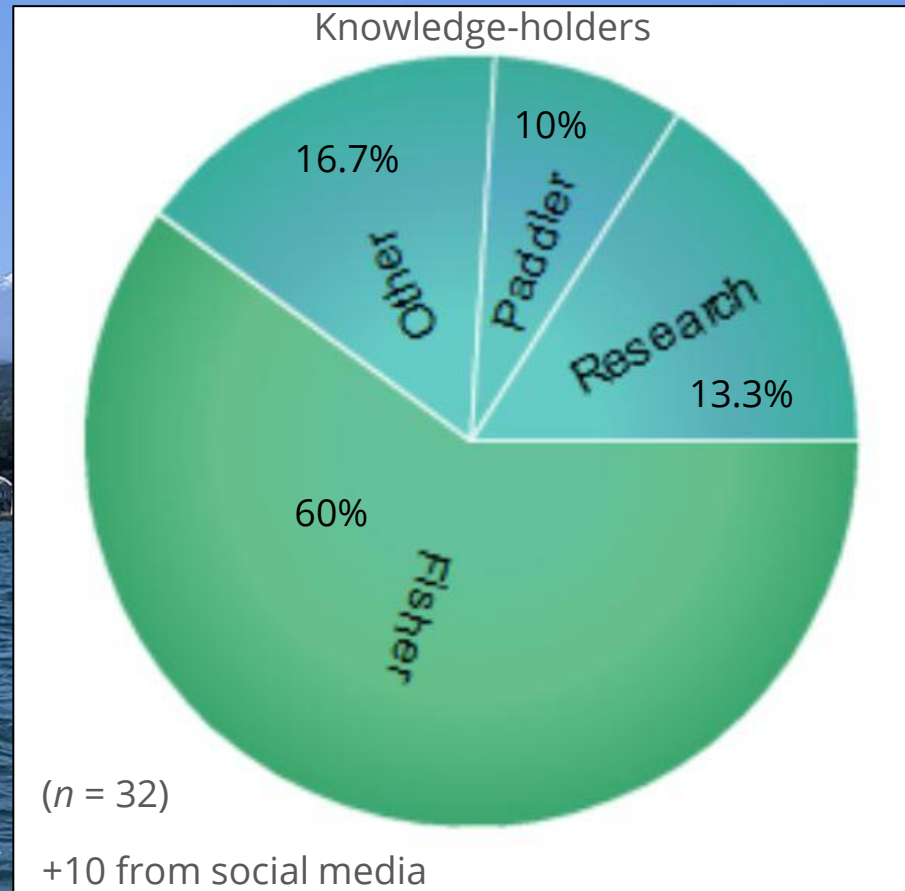
YOY *S. lewini* - Manō kihikihi



Juv. *C. limbatus* ~ Manō pa'ele

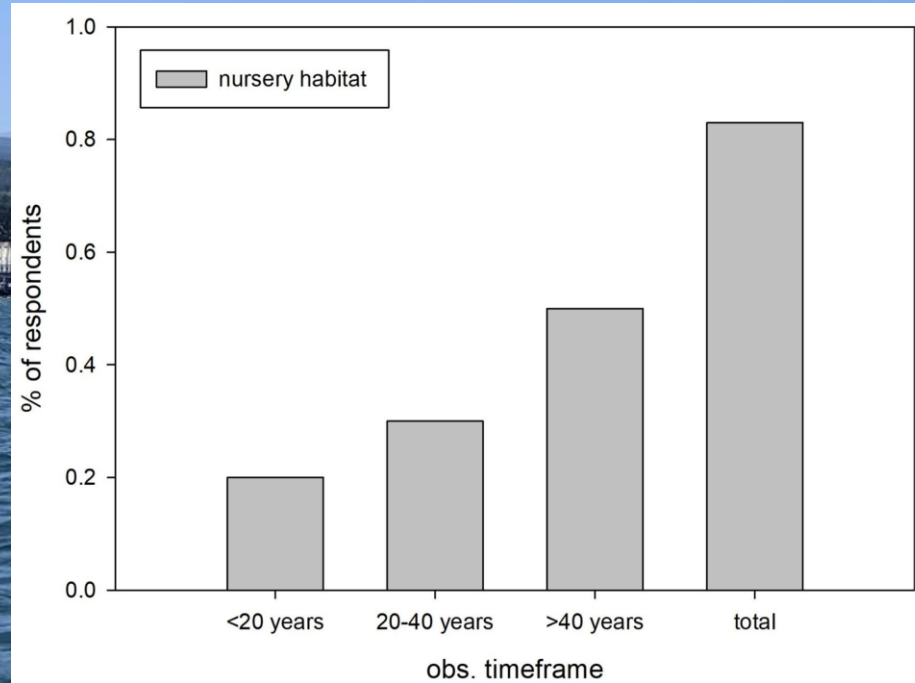
LEK Methods

- Semi-structured “talk story sessions” conducted throughout the community
- Transcribed, coded and analyzed in Dedoose Software

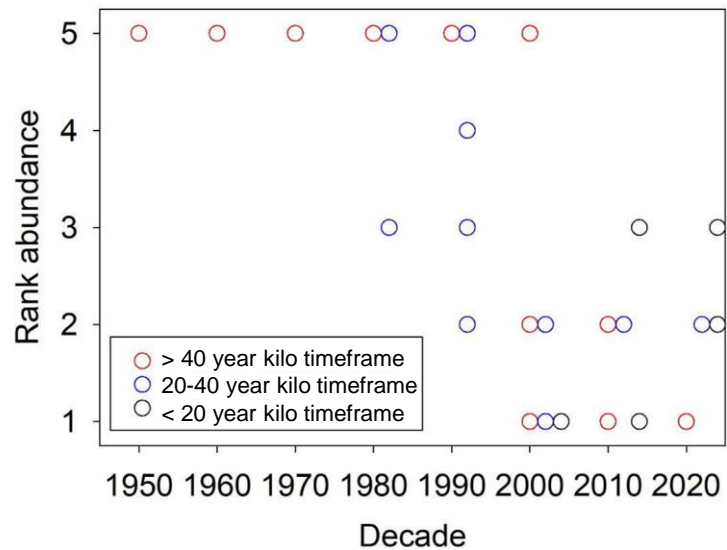


LEK Results

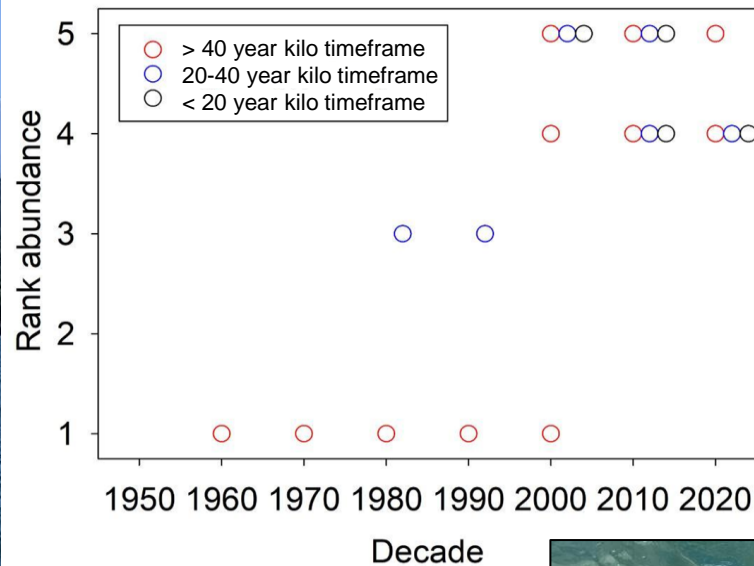
Over 80% of knowledge-holders observed shark nursery habitat



LEK Results



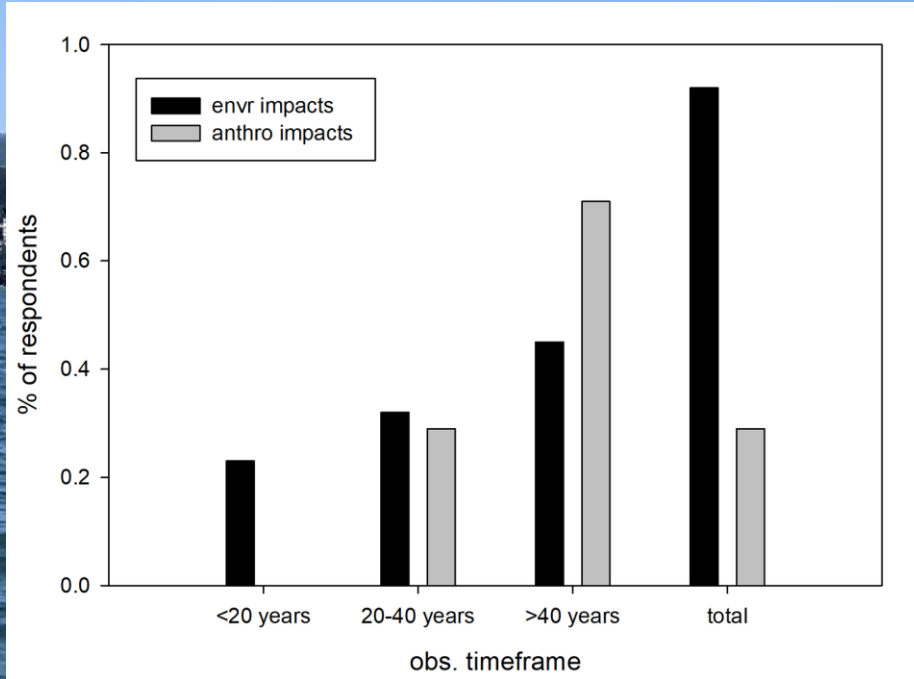
S. lewini



C. limbatus

LEK Results

Groups with longer kilo (obs.) timeframes mentioned more anthropogenic & environmental impacts



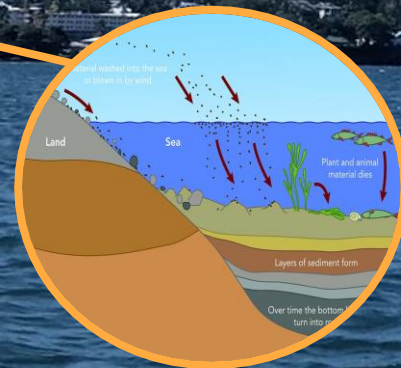
ANTHRO



ENVIRO

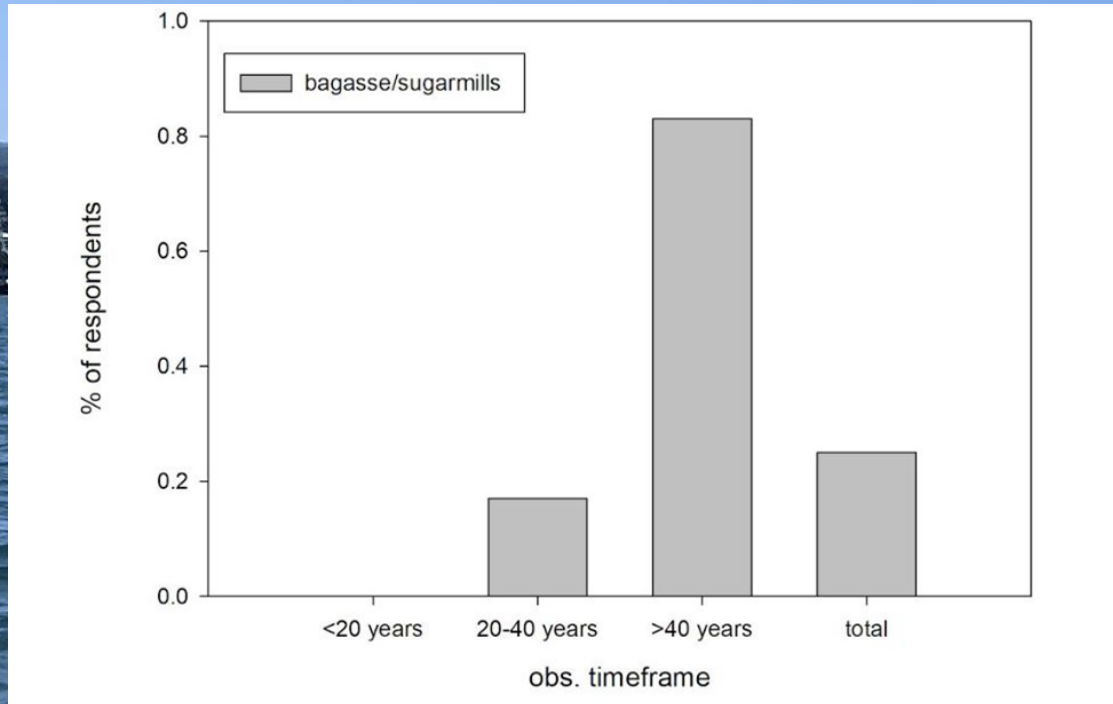


DECLINE



LEK Results

Groups with longer kilo (obs.) timeframes noted more impacts of sugar era



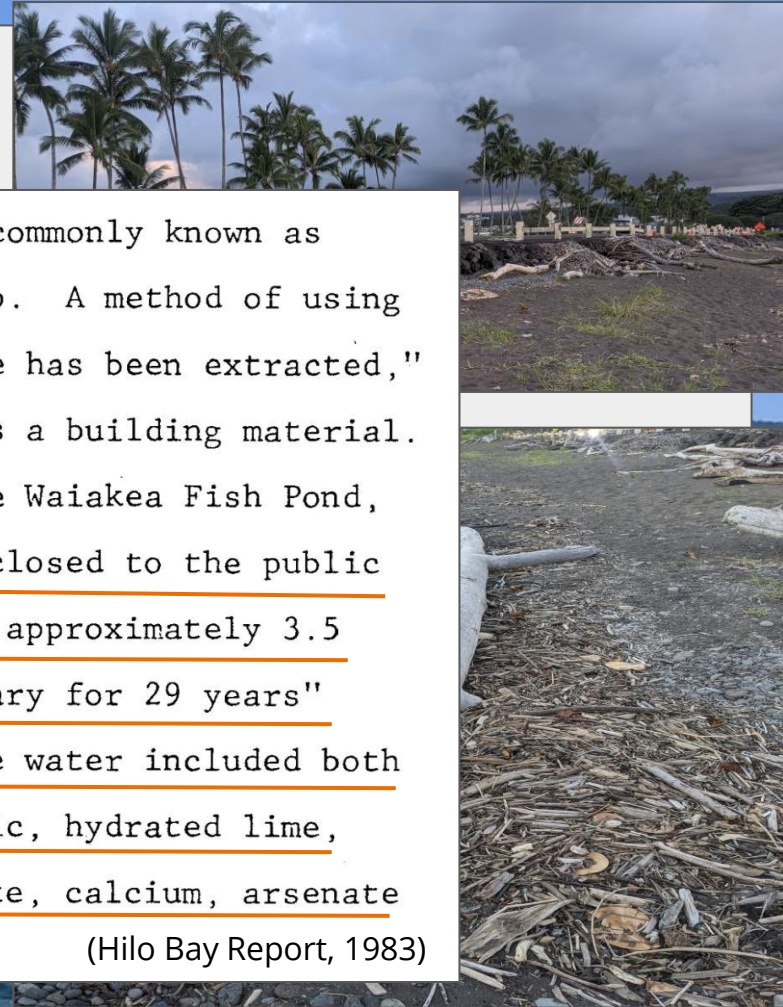
sugar-asia.com

Bagasse from sugar plantations clearing out of the bay in past ~20 years

LEK Results

In 1923, Hawaiian Cellulose, Ltd., commonly known as the Canec Plant, was incorporated in Hilo. A method of using baggase, "trash from cane after the juice has been extracted," was devised for fabricating wall board as a building material. The plant opened in April, 1932 along the Waiakea Fish Pond, near the Waiakea Sugar Mill. As was disclosed to the public in 1973, the canec plant had "discharged approximately 3.5 mgd of waste water into the Waialoa estuary for 29 years" (Neighbor Island...1973:12).⁵ This waste water included both toxic and lethal chemicals such as arsenic, hydrated lime, hydrosulfate, ethyl silicate, hydrosulfate, calcium, arsenate and arsenic acid.

(Hilo Bay Report, 1983)



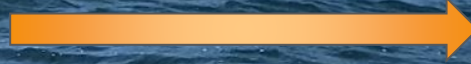
LEK Results Summarized

- Decline in juvenile scalloped hammerheads
- Increase in juvenile blacktips
- Hilo Bay observed to be shark nursery habitat since at least 1950's
- Ecological & anthropogenic drivers impacting fishery
- Sugarcane connections - bagasse creating prey environment? Pollution?
- Potential differences in pupping phenology compared to Kāne'ohe Bay
- Potential shifts in invasive and bait fish populations

➔ *Potential shift from imperiled specialist to abundant generalist species!*



Perceived abundance



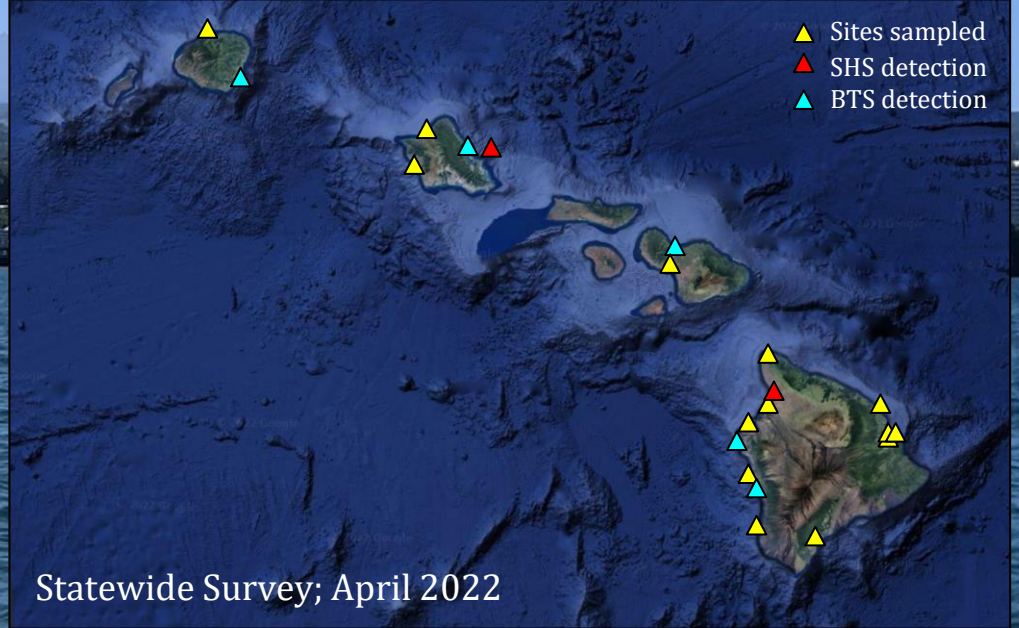
Why Environmental DNA?

- Monitoring sharks is difficult!
- Telemetry study not feasible (low juv. survivability)
- eDNA = Non-invasive methodology (water samples)
- Primers and assays developed for both species
 - Budd et al. 2021 & Postaire et al. 2020
- Collaboration & application potentials



eDNA Pilot Study

- April 2022 - statewide survey of 30 coastal embayments
- May - October 2022 - monthly sampling of Hilo bay; 6 sites



Lots & lots of optimizations!

16-Month Paired Sampling Approach

- Fishing + eDNA survey
- April 2023 - August 2024: Biweekly sampling
 - Field control and eDNA filtration
 - Fish for one hour
 - Repeat at each of four sites
 - order randomized
 - Alternate AM and PM trips



eDNA Workflow

Field collection



eDNA Workflow

Field collection



DNA Extraction



TaqMan 12s Primer+Probe

Quantification

qPCR (mtDNA)



SYBR
NADH2

Bi-Directional Sanger
Sequencing



Genomics
Core Laboratory

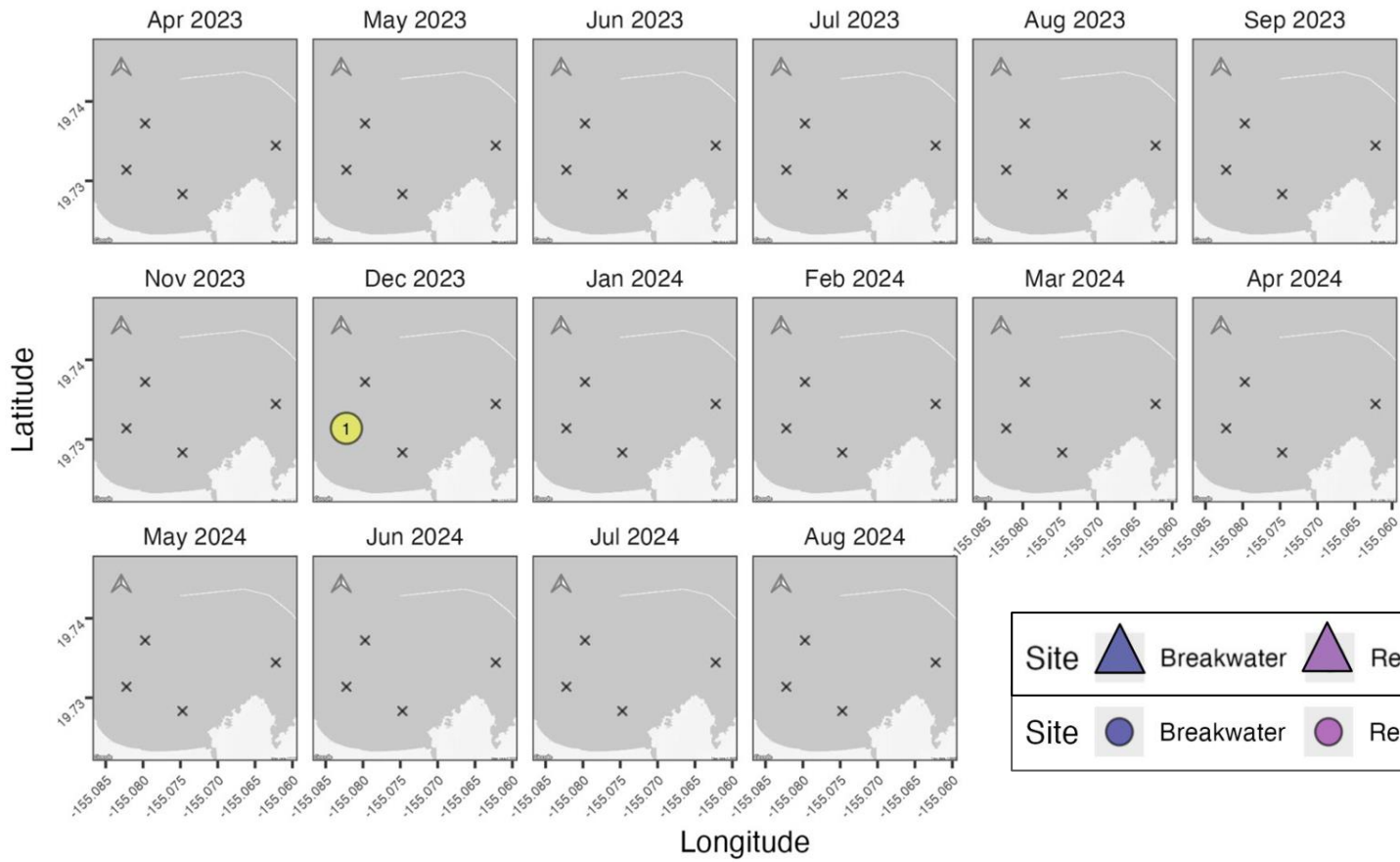
Collected to Date



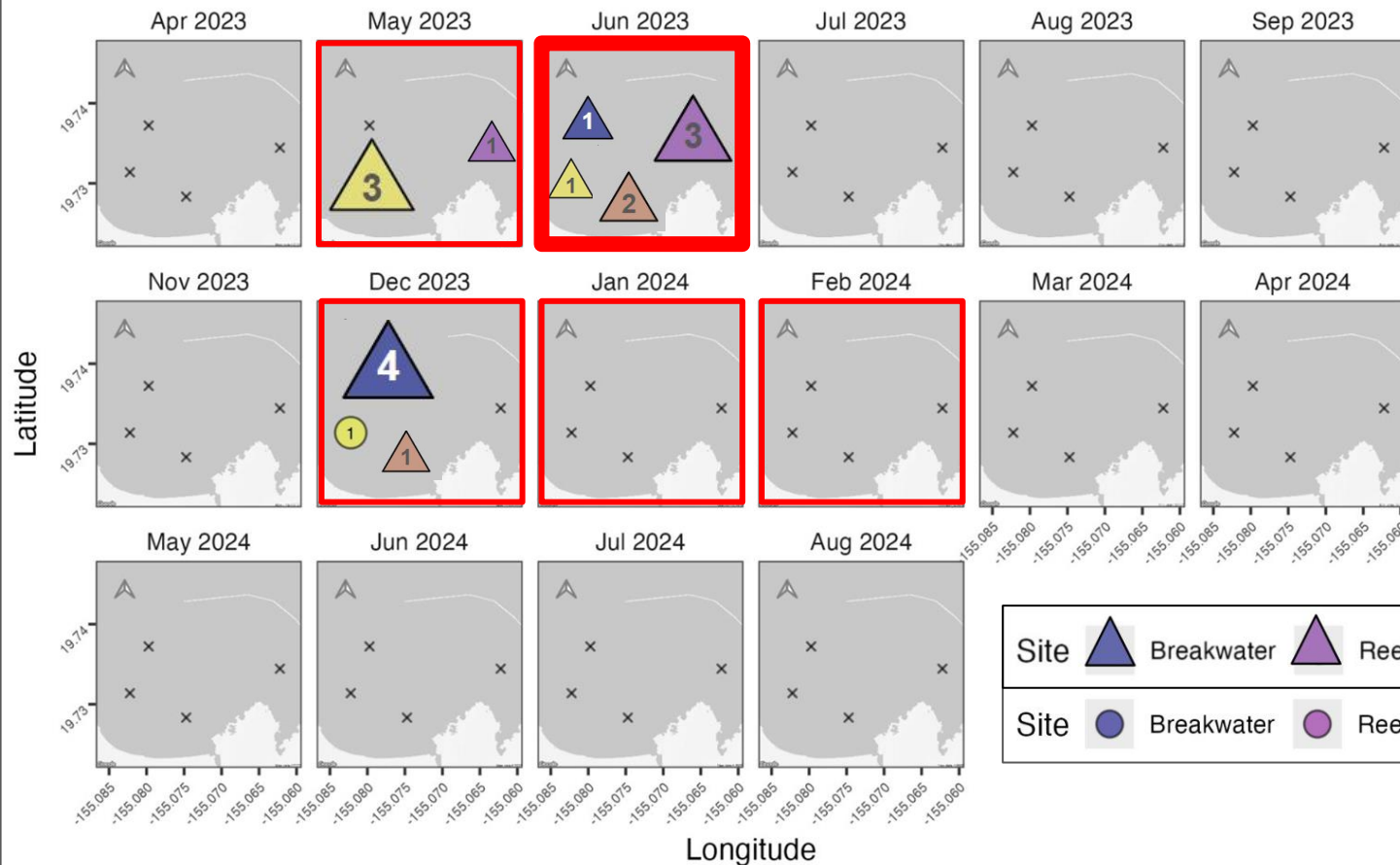
- 30 trips, 4 sites per trip
- ~ 7,200 L of seawater sampled (60 L per site)
- 720 filter papers (5 field reps + 1 field blank per site) since April 2023
- 400+ fishing hrs

Scalloped hammerhead (*Sphyrna lewini*)

Catch Only



Scalloped hammerhead (*Sphyrna lewini*)

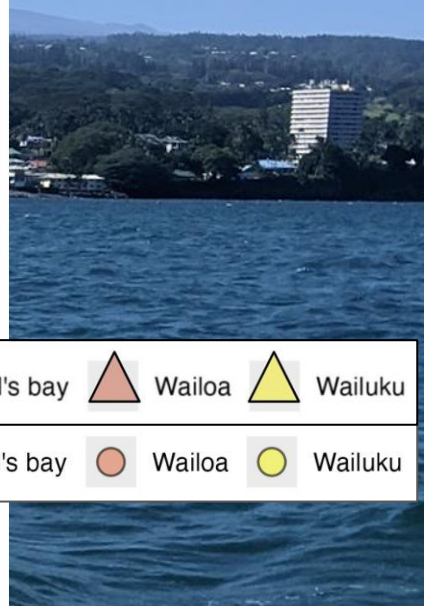
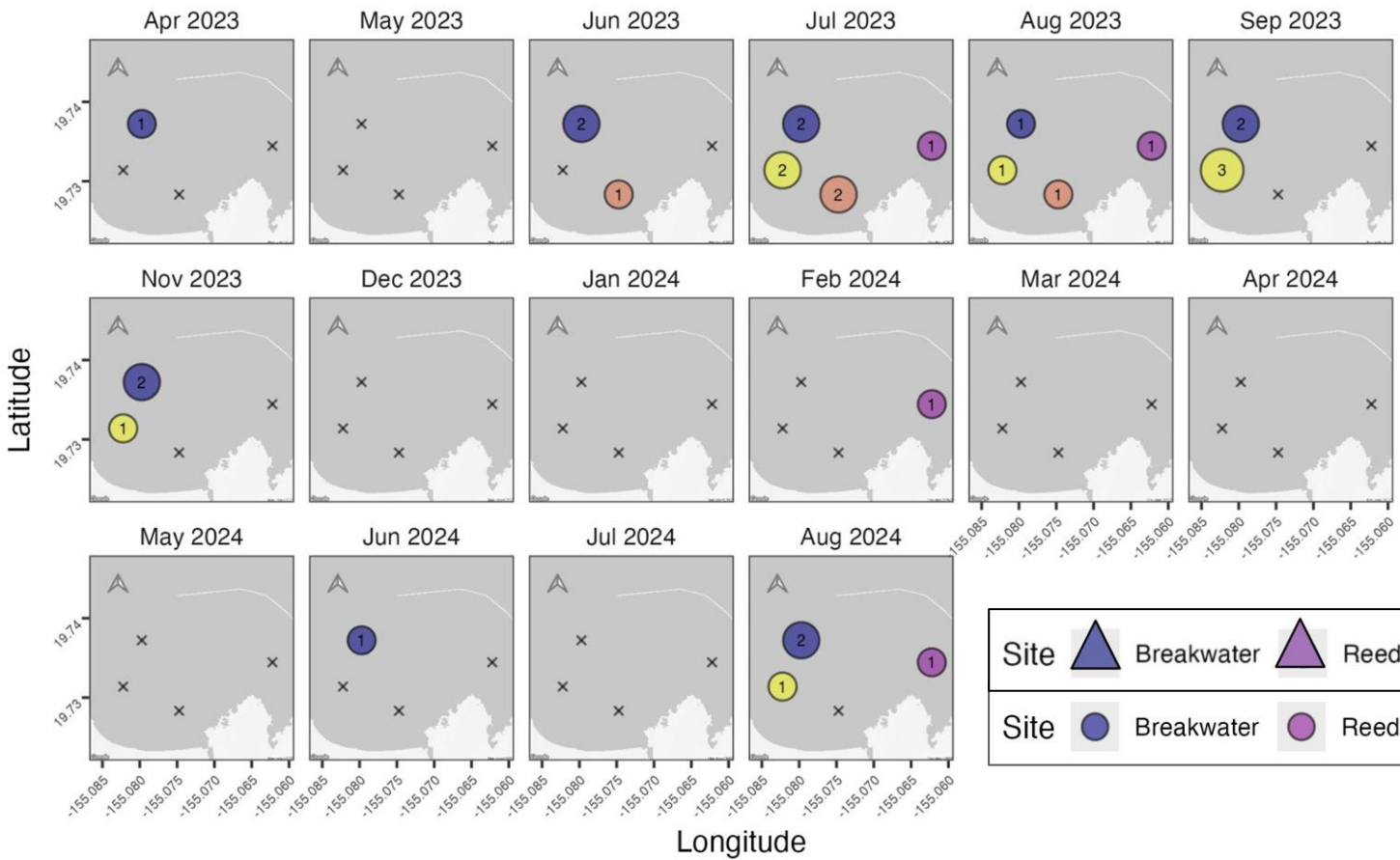


Catch
+
Detections

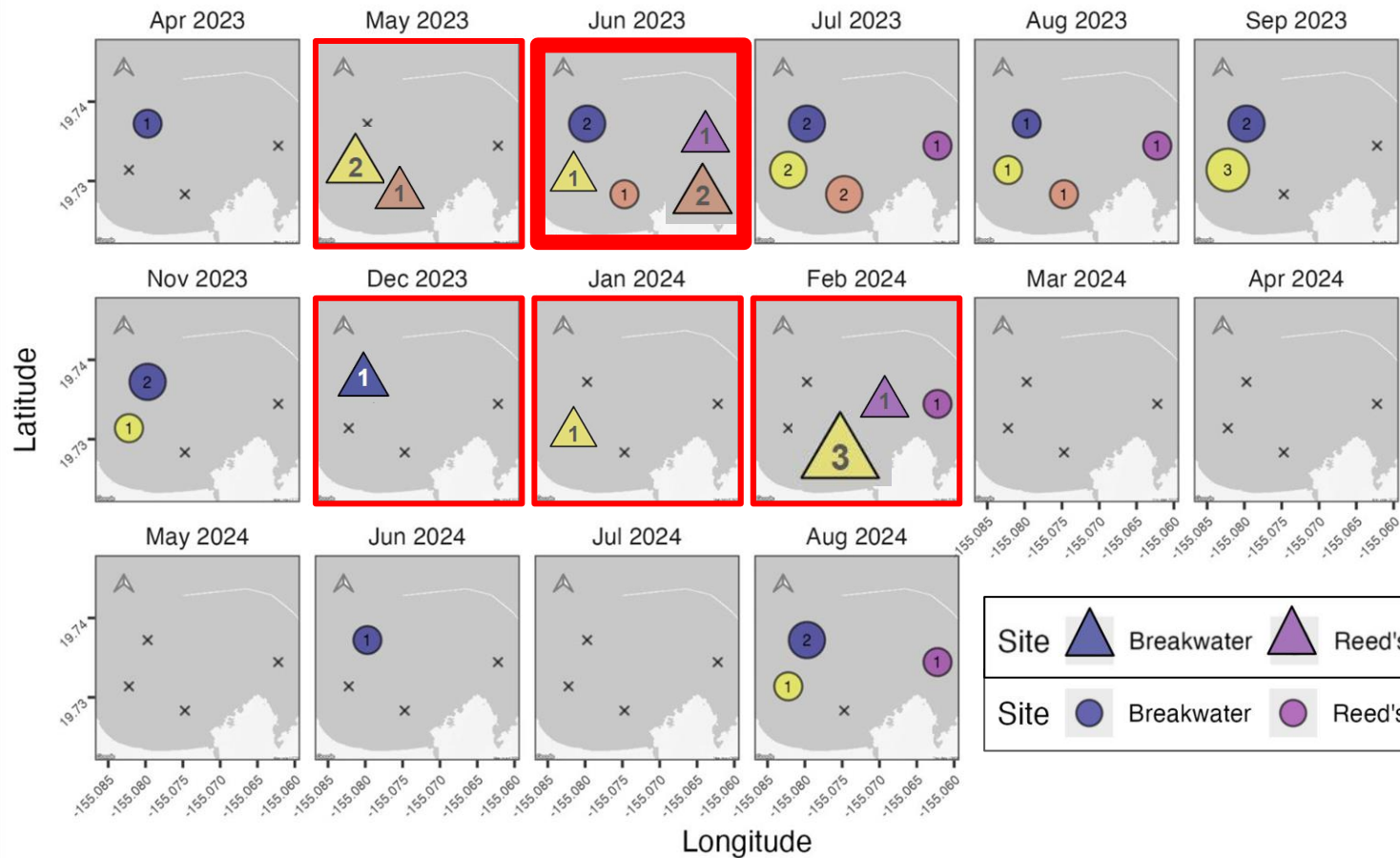


Black tip (*Carcharhinus limbatus*)

Catch Only



Black tip (*Carcharhinus limbatus*)



Catch
+
Detections

Assessing Predation Potential

In December 2023, we captured a juvenile Scalloped Hammerhead that we **believe to have suffered a predation attempt** from a Blacktip shark.

We have since teamed up with the Bruno Lab at UNC Chapel Hill and are collecting cloacal swabs from captured blacktips to test for scalloped hammerhead DNA in the feces.



Ongoing Work

- Transitioned from MGAL to TAMU CC
- Lab work ongoing - **need for increased funding!**
- Cloacal DNA analyses pending
- Statewide metabarcoding collaboration with ToBo Lab @ HIMB
- Mentoring HS students - yield comparison/metabarcoding
- Contribution to IUCN ISRA proposals



References

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@ Hilo Hammerhead Research



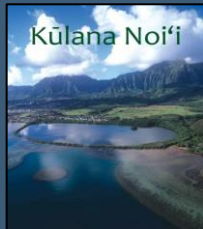
hilohammerheadresearch.godaddysites.com



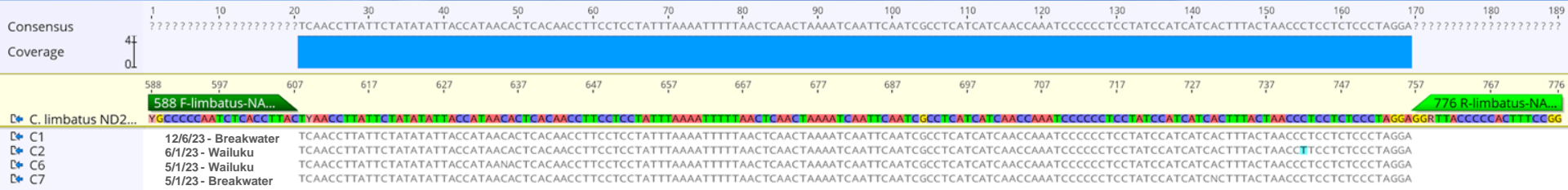
Mahalo nui loa!



Local knowledge-holders!
& many fieldwork volunteers!



Sanger Sequencing for Positive Detection Confirmation



> 99% sequence similarity to the reference sequence for *C. limbatus* (Wailuku and Breakwater sites)

eDNA Pilot Study Results

- **Lab Optimizations:** tested numerous extraction kits, positive controls, assay designs, etc.
- **Field Optimizations:** tested various sampling regimes, filter pore sizes, water quantities and depths, etc.
 - Learned that sampling 2 L at a time wasn't sufficient

April 2022: statewide survey of
30 coastal embayments



Now being metabarcoded by ToBo
Lab @ HIMB

| 2022 Pilot Sampling | <u>Scalloped Hammerhead</u> | <u>Blacktip</u> |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| <u># of positive amplifications</u> | 8 | 9 |
| <u># of locations</u> | 2 | 7 |

Project Overview

Document and assess past and present changes in Hilo Bay juvenile shark populations through the combination of interdisciplinary techniques-

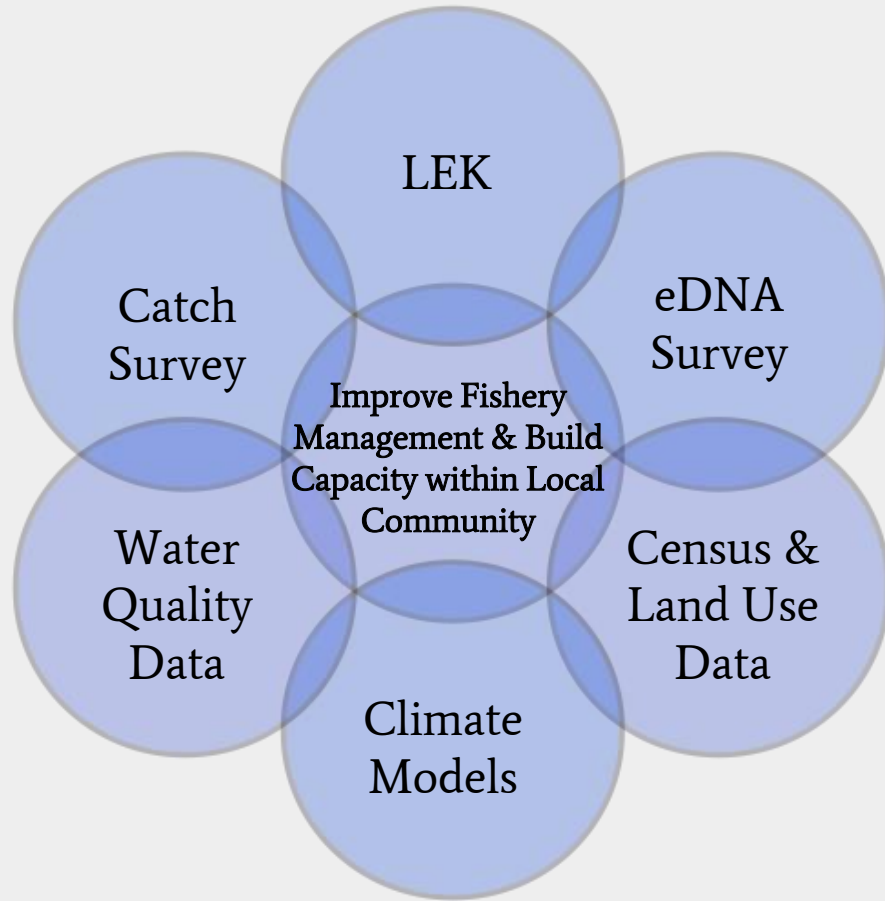
Here we collect and analyze local ecological knowledge from community members, conduct a novel eDNA survey of Hilo Bay, and gather catch-per-unit-effort data to infer historical and modern trends in the use of an embayment nursery habitat by two coastal-pelagic shark species.

Introduction PAINT THE PICTURE

Talk about how shark nursery is difficult to study

Take an area that has no existing historical record, and try to document the use of shark nursery habitat in HB. I'll talk first about my LEK chapter bc that is the nearest to being finished, and then finish with the current efforts to fill out the storyline

Establishing historical baseline using LEK, and then going forward with eDNA as a tool for assessing presence, sharks facing pressures making them increasingly rare or difficult to sample effectively





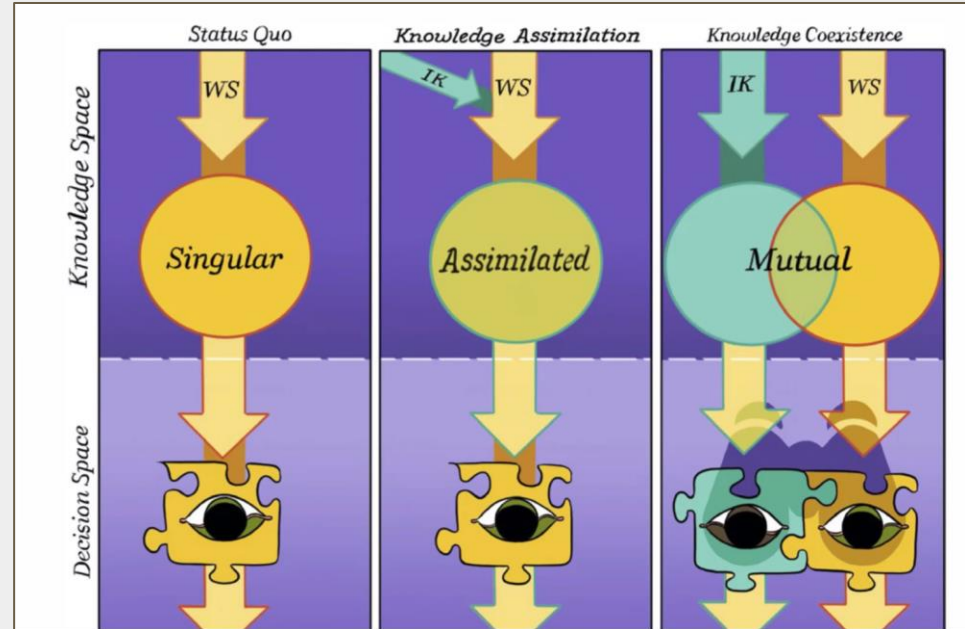
hilo

1. *not.*, To [twist](#), [braid](#), [spin](#); twisted, braided; threadlike; faint streak of light.

Local Ecological Knowledge

“Two-eyed seeing” approach

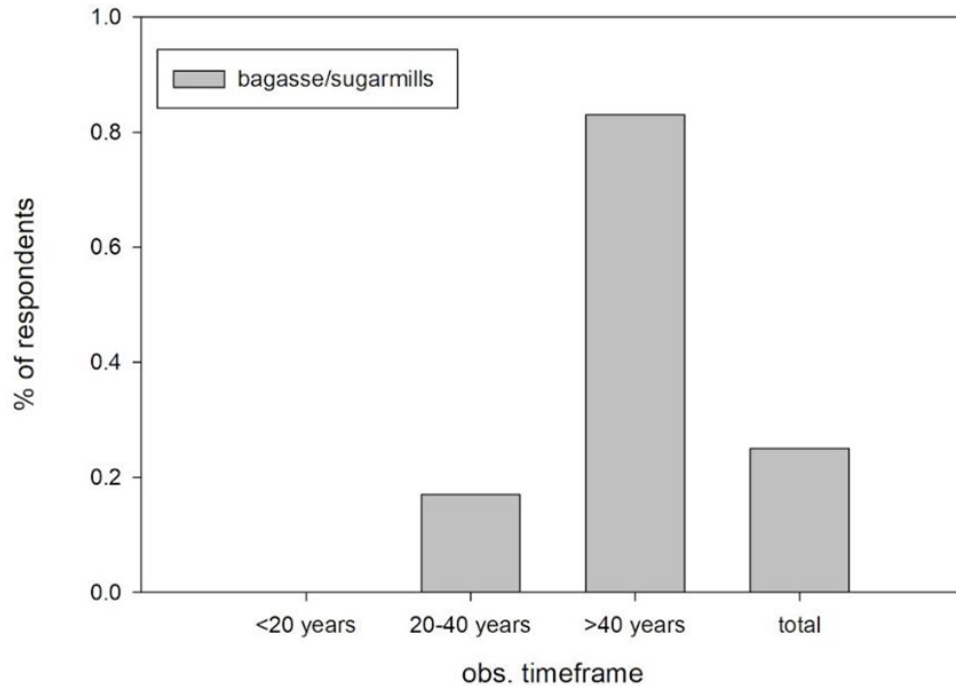
- Knowledge co-production
 - **Research question originated by local fishing community**
 - Regular communication with knowledge-holders
 - Collecting data on community needs, perceived issues, solution suggestions, etc.



(Reid et al., 2020)

LEK Results

Groups with longer kilo timeframes noted more impacts of sugar era



sugar-asia.com

eDNA Pilot Study Results

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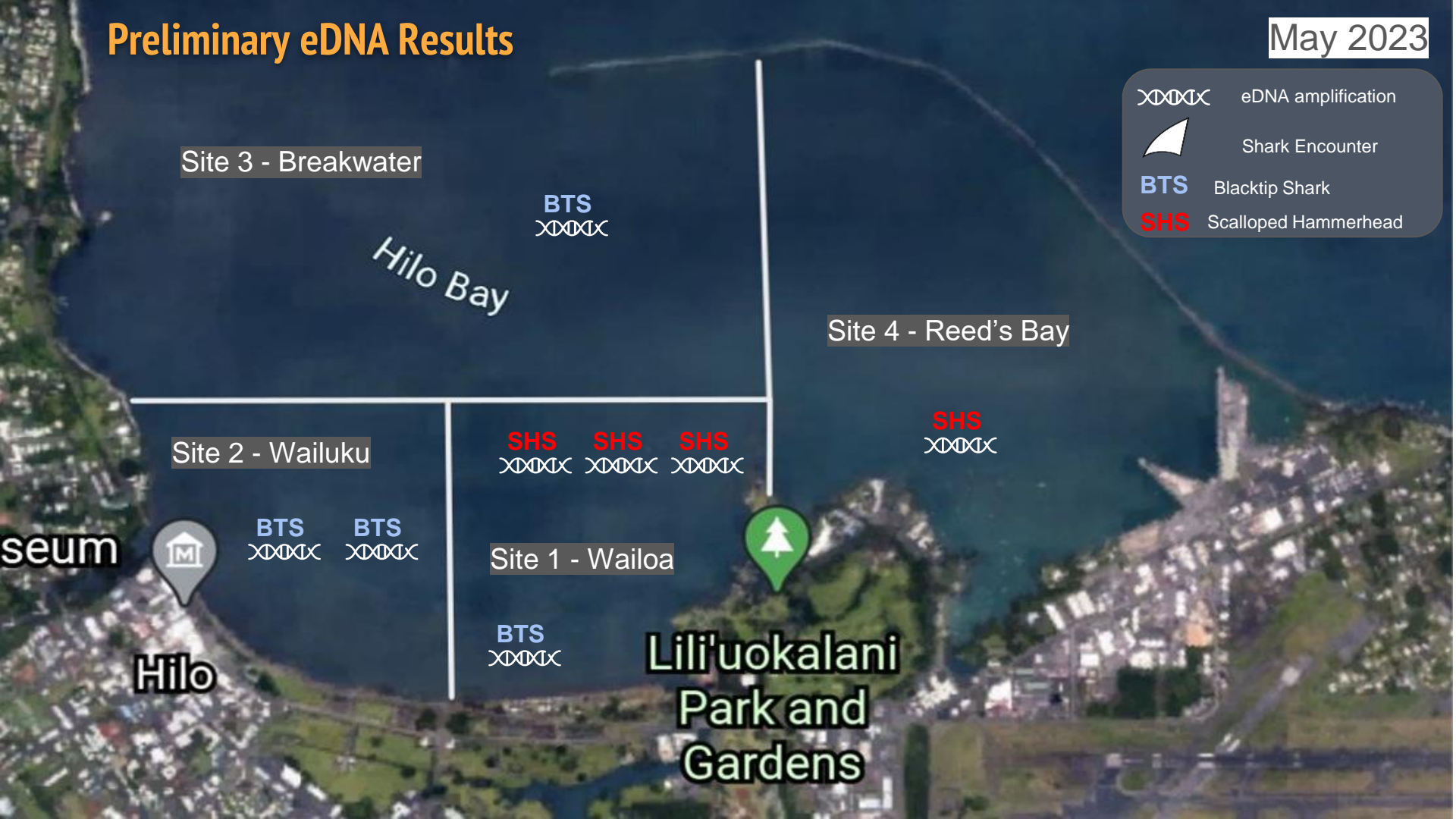


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|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
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Preliminary eDNA Results

May 2023



XXXXX eDNA amplification

 Shark Encounter

BTS Blacktip Shark

SHS Scalloped Hammerhead

Site 3 - Breakwater

BTS
XXXXX

Hilo Bay

Site 4 - Reed's Bay

SHS
XXXXX

Site 2 - Wailuku

SHS **SHS** **SHS**
XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX



BTS **BTS**
XXXXX XXXXX

Site 1 - Wailoa



Lili'uokalani
Park and
Gardens

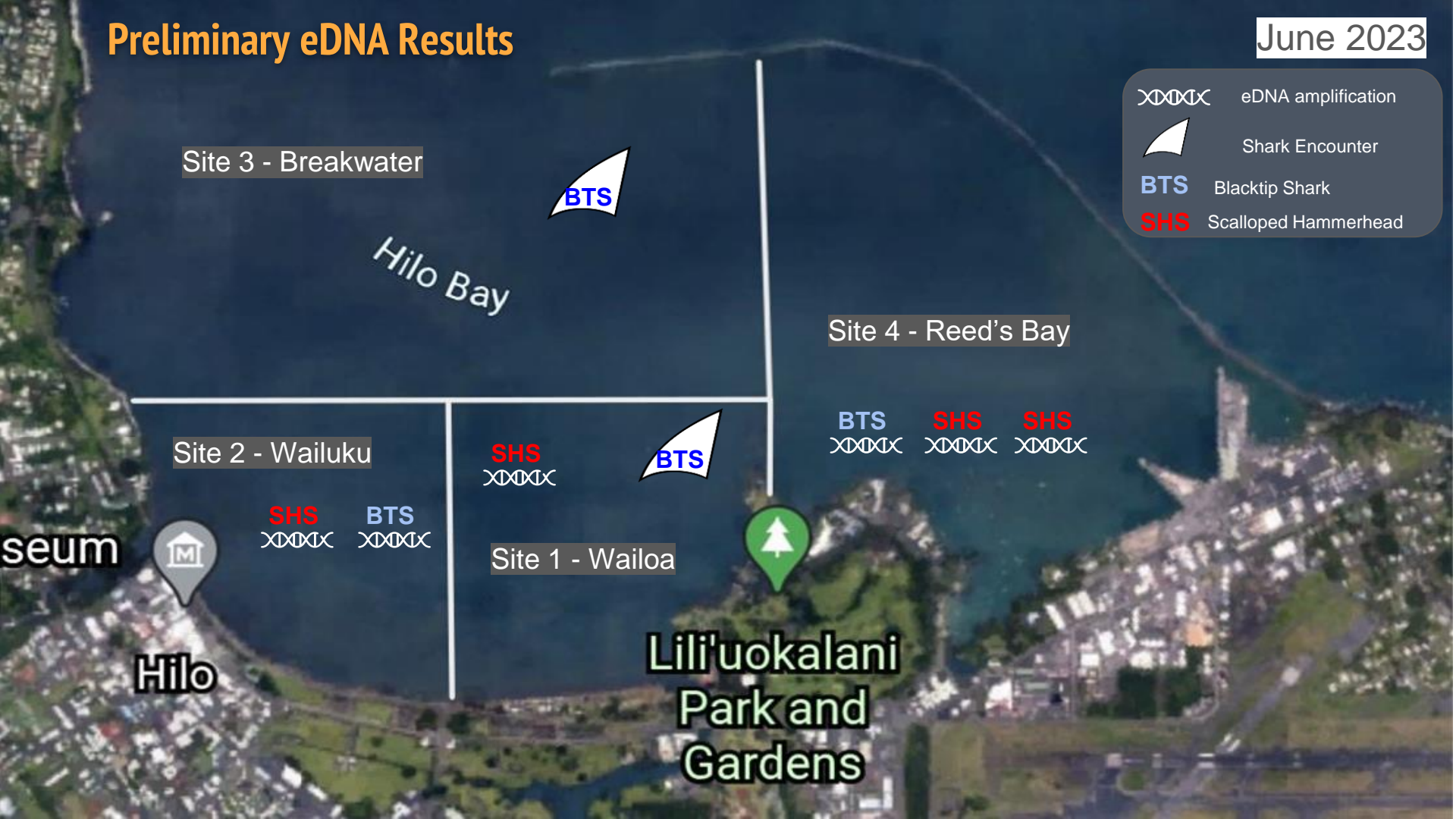
BTS
XXXXX

seum

Hilo

Preliminary eDNA Results

June 2023



XXXXX eDNA amplification

 Shark Encounter

BTS Blacktip Shark

SHS Scalloped Hammerhead

Site 3 - Breakwater

BTS

Hilo Bay

Site 4 - Reed's Bay

BTS **SHS** **SHS**
XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX

Site 2 - Wailuku

SHS **BTS**
XXXXX XXXXX

SHS **BTS**
XXXXX

Site 1 - Wailoa



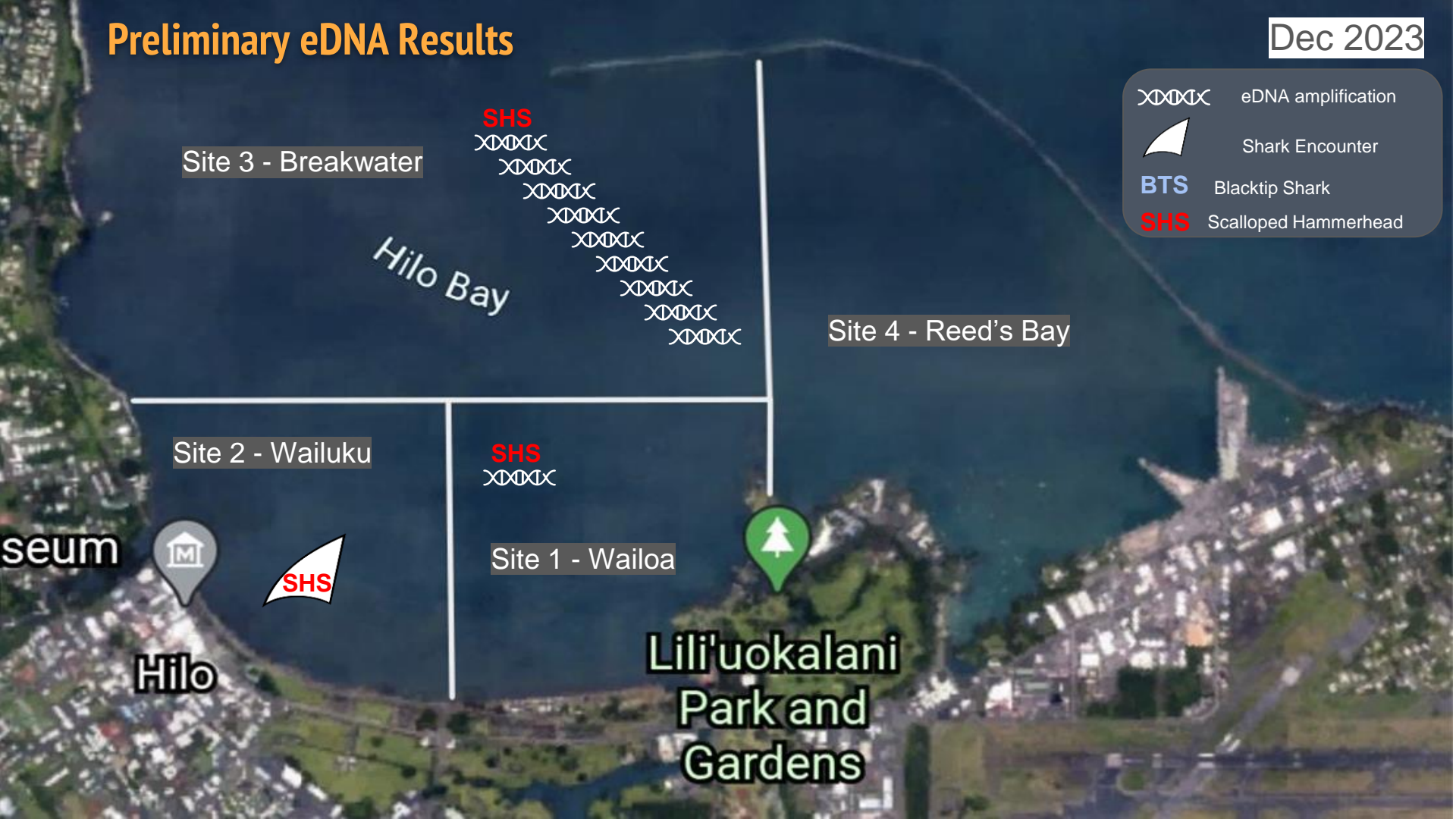
Lili'uokalani
Park and
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seum
Hilo




Preliminary eDNA Results

Dec 2023



XXXXX eDNA amplification

 Shark Encounter

BTS Blacktip Shark

SHS Scalloped Hammerhead

Site 3 - Breakwater

SHS

XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX

Site 4 - Reed's Bay

Site 2 - Wailuku

SHS

XXXXX

Site 1 - Wailoa



Lili'uokalani
Park and
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seum



Hilo

